

46a-Safety Data Sheet

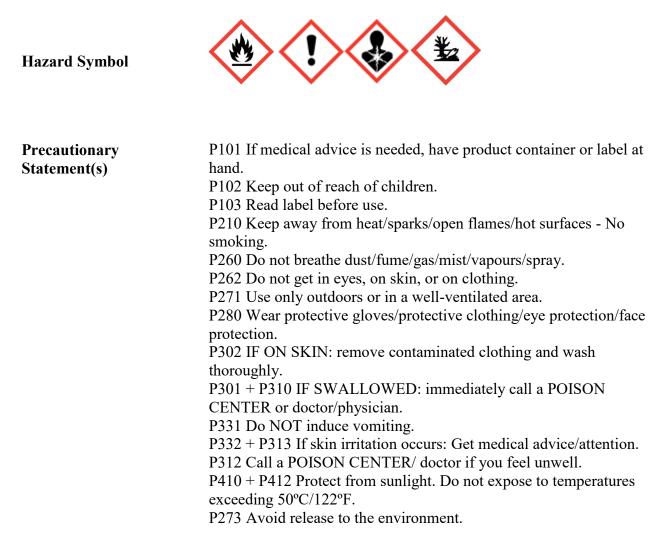
Aerosol Electrical Contact Cleaner

COMPANY AND PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Company Name ABN Address Emergency Tel:	Wolfchester Australia Pty Ltd 25 120 690 682 4/122 Beresford Road, Lilydale VIC (+613) 9737 2800	Autoserv NZ Ltd 2/38 Trugood Drive, East Tamaki, 0800 764 766
Tel: Email:	(+613) 9737 2800 sales@wolfchester.com.au	(+649) 272 1940 warehouse@autoserv.co.nz
Product Name Other Names Manufacturers Code Recommended use	Wolfchester Electrical Contact Cleane 350g Not relevant TAUS350ECC Cleaning of electrical contacts	er
Poisons Information Cent AUSTRALIA NEW ZEALAND	tre 13 11 26 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON	
	HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATIO	N
Hazard Classification	This product is classified as hazardous under Australian WHS Regulations. This product is classified as a Dangerous Good by the Australian Dangerous Goods Code.	
	Flammable Aerosols, Cat 1 Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Cat 2 Reproductive Toxicity, Cat 2 Aspiration Toxicity, Cat 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repea Aquatic Toxicity, Chronic Cat 2	1 ,
Hazard Statement(s)	Intentional misuse by deliberately conc can be harmful or fatal. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H305 May be harmful if swallowed and H315 Causes skin irritation H336 May cause drowsiness or dizzine H361 Suspected of damaging fertility of H373 May cause damage to organs thro exposure H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long la	d enters airways ess or the unborn child ough prolonged or repeated
Signal	Danger	
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Aerosol Electrical Contact Cleaner



For further health and safety information please refer to the full SDS.

Note: This product should not be used in any purpose or manner contrary to recommended use unless authorised.

COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light n-Hexane	CAS Number 64742-49-0 110-54-3	Proportion 60-90% <15%
Hydrocarbon propellant - Propane - Butane	74-98-6 106-97-8	10-30%
Other ingredients		to 100%

FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre 131126 or a doctor. Ensure medical personnel are aware of the identity and nature (hydrocarbon propelled aerosol) involved.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air to prevent further exposure. Propane is an asphyxiant Fumes may cause drowsiness or dizziness. If breathing difficulties are experienced, seek immediate medical care. Do not use direct mouth to mouth method of resuscitation, use alternative respiratory method.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash well skin with warm soapy water. If irritation persists, contact a doctor.

Eye Contact: Flush out immediately with running water for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Due to high volatility of product, this is not likely to occur. If sprayed in mouth, rinse mouth with plenty of water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical attention.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Beware – heat greater than 50 C / 122 °F may cause these extremely flammable, pressurised dispensers to rupture, and violently rocket in various directions. These rockets will release flammable and potentially toxic gasses, which will increase the risk of fire spreading. In extinguishing any fire beware of any residual unburnt gas that could reignite.

Suitable	Small fire: Use water spray/fog/foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2).
Extinguishing	Large fire: Use water spray/fog/foam.
Media/	
Hazards	Aerosols may rupture and rocket (become projectiles) when exposed to excessive heat. Released gases can form extremely flammable, invisible, odourless explosive mixtures with air. Released gases can be heavier than air and travel to source of ignition causing flashback. Hazardous concentrations can accumulate in a confined space (pits, low laying areas). Fire can produce irritating, poisonous and corrosive gases. High concentration of gas could cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning
Precautions / PPE	For large quantities, consider initial evacuation for at least 100m in all directions.
	Fight fire from protected position or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.
	Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
	Wear SCBA and protective gloves. Structural firefighter's uniform provides limited protection. If large amounts are involved, wear SCBA and chemical splash suit.
	If impossible to safely extinguish fire, protect surroundings, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn.
	If safe to do so, move undamaged aerosols from fire area but do not approach hot aerosols.
	Cool aerosols with water before handling.
Hazchem Code	2YE
(for Placarding and transport	Class 2 flammable gas
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only)

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, PPE and Emergency Procedures	 Spill is flammable (until LPG dissipates). Eliminate all sources of ignition including static discharge. Wear protective gloves and safety glasses to prevent contamination of skin and eyes. Minor spills: Keep area well ventilated and wipe up. Major spills: Isolate spill or leak area for at least 8 m in all directions. Eliminate all sources of ignition within at least 15 m. Keep upwind and to higher ground (propellant gas is heavier than air and will seek low points, pay special attention to drains and pits- these will likely be explosive environments). Major fire:
Environmental Precautions Containment / Clean up Procedures	Consider initial evacuation for at least 100 m in all directions Notify police and fire brigade of the location, material, UN Number, quantity and emergency contact as well as condition and damage observed. Keep leaking containers away from drains, surface and ground water. Ensure leakage does not enter streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Eliminate all ignition sources, including static within at least 15 m. All equipment used when handling the product must be earthed. If water is available, spray leaking containers to reduce ignition hazard and disperse gas. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains or natural waterways. Absorb spill with inert absorbent material (e.g. dry sand or earth) for disposal using an approved method or following local regulations.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling	Ensure spray nozzle is always directed away from user. Do not pierce or burn can after use. Extremely flammable- Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Do not breathe concentrated, vapour, mist or spray. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to minimise excessive vapour concentration (as long as they do not introduce risk of ignition), if levels are likely to be high or in a confined space.
Conditions for Safe Storage	Keep out of reach of children. Store in a well-ventilated area, away from damp or corrosive conditions. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C / 122 °F. Store in accordance with Dangerous Goods Regulations and transport in accordance with the ADG Code for Dangerous Goods Class 2.1

EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

National

There is no established TLV (Threshold Limit Value) for this product.

Exposure Standards	Avoid exposure – obtain special instructions before use. Butane - TWA (Time-Weighted Average) is 800ppm / 1900mg/m3 Propane is an asphyxiant
Biological Limit	Not available.
Values	
Engineering	No smoking. No flames or sources of ignition. Local exhaust ventilation
Controls	may be necessary to minimise excessive vapour concentration, if levels are
	likely to be high or in a confined space.
Personal	Personal Protective Equipment is not required under normal conditions of
Protective	use. When handling bulk quantities, wear protective gloves and safety
Equipment (PPE)	glasses. Do not exceed exposure limits.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Aerosol, Clear spray
Odour	Solvent like
рН	Not applicable
Vapour Pressure	Not available
Vapour Density	Not available
Boiling point	-42 to 0°C
(propellant)	
Solubility in Water	Immiscible
Specific Gravity	0.58 approx
(propellant)	
Flash Point	-104 to -60°C
(propellant)	
Flammable limits	1.5% to 9.6% in air (v/v)
(propellant)	
Ignition Temperature	494°C to 600°C
(propellant)	

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Conditions to avoid	Stable under normal ambient conditions of storage and use. Avoid heat/ignition sources. Aerosol cans may explode/burst violently when subject to extremes of heat or pressure and may become projectiles. Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid static charge and discharge with high concentrations and in confined space. Avoid damp or corrosive conditions.
Incompatible Materials /	Can react violently with oxidising agents, mineral acids, phosphorous,
Hazardous Reactions	chorine.
Hazardous	Products may include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, organic
Decomposition Products	complexes

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential adverse health

Ith Vapours may cause light-headedness, drowsiness and dizziness.

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effects and symptoms associated with exposure to the material	 Ingestion: Unlikely due to high volatility of product. Eyes: Liquid will cause severe irritation. Vapour may cause irritation. Skin: May cause cold burn. Irritating to skin. May result in dryness and cracking. Inhalation: Produces hallucinations and narcotic effect. Ingestion of large amounts will result in drowsiness, fatigue, loss of appetite, paresthesia in distal extremities (tingling in hands and feet). Possibility of muscle weakness, cold pulsation in extremities (hands and feet), blurred vision, headache, and nausea. Vomiting may cause this product to be aspirated to the lungs resulting in chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents can be harmful or fatal. May cause light-headedness, dizziness and drowsiness. Excessive exposure may cause unconsciousness or even death, due to asphyxiation.
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ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information provided is based on data available for the material and the components of the material.

Ecotoxicity / Persistence	Propellant will vaporise rapidly when released to atmosphere.
/ Degradability /	Propellant consists of hydrocarbons that photo chemically decompose
Mobility	under atmospheric conditions.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Consumer Instructions	Recycle empty can.
Bulk quantities	Empty containers might contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not
	pierce or burn, even when empty.
	Dispose of according to Local, State and National regulations.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport in accordance with the requirements of ADG Code.

UN Number	1950
Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOLS
(ADG 7, IMDG)	
Proper Shipping name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE
(IATA)	
Emergency Procedure	2D1
Guide	
Class and subsidiary	2.1
risk(s)	
Packaging Group	None allocated
Hazchem Code	2YE
Special Precautions for	Keep out of reach of children.
Users	Spray in well-ventilated area.
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Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking. Extremely flammable - Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Do not breathe vapour/mist/spray. Wear protective gloves, eye protection and suitable respirator when mixing or using.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poisons Schedule Additional information N/A Not applicable