#### Autoserv NZ Ltd

Chemwatch: 8532-69 Version No: 5.1.1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations Issue Date: 07/11/2018 Print Date: 29/04/2019 S.GHS.NZL.EN

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

### SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

| Product name                     | Wynn's Diesel System Purge                                   |  |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Synonyms                         | 15405 500 ml; 15401 473 ml; 15401 1 L                        |  |
| Proper shipping name             | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains methyl isobutyl carbinol) |  |
| Other means of<br>identification | Not Available                                                |  |

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | A hydrocarbon based diesel fuel system cleaner |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|

### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company<br>name | Autoserv NZ Ltd                                        |  |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Address                    | it 2/38 Trugood Drv, East Tamaki AUCK 2013 New Zealand |  |
| Telephone                  | 0800 438 996                                           |  |
| Fax                        | Not Available                                          |  |
| Website                    | Not Available                                          |  |
| Email                      | warehouse@autoserv.co.nz                               |  |

### **Emergency telephone number**

| Association /<br>Organisation        | Not Available<br>+800 2436 2255 (All Hours) |  |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--|
| Emergency telephone<br>numbers       |                                             |  |
| Other emergency<br>telephone numbers | 0800 764 766                                |  |

### **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport purposes.

| Classification <sup>[1]</sup>                                                                                                                            | Flammable Liquid Category 3, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 5, Acute Toxicity (Dermal) Category 5, Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 5, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3, Carcinogenicity Category 2, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 (narcotic effects), Aspiration Hazard Category 1 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Legend:                                                                                                                                                  | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No<br>1272/2008 - Annex VI                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Determined by<br>Chemwatch using<br>GHS/HSNO criteria 3.1C, 6.1E (aspiration), 6.1E (dermal), 6.1E (inhalation), 6.1E (oral), 6.3B, 6.7B, 6.9 (narcotic) |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

#### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



| SIGNAL WORD         | DANGER                                        |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--|
| Hazard statement(s) |                                               |  |
| H226                | Flammable liquid and vapour.                  |  |
| H303                | May be harmful if swallowed.                  |  |
| H313                | May be harmful in contact with skin.          |  |
| H333                | May be harmful if inhaled.                    |  |
| H316                | Causes mild skin irritation.                  |  |
| H351                | Suspected of causing cancer.                  |  |
| H336                | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.            |  |
| H304                | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |  |

### Precautionary statement(s) General

| P101 | If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |  |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children.                                        |  |
| P103 | P103 Read label before use.                                           |  |

### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

| P201                                                                                                | Obtain special instructions before use. |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--|
| P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |                                         |  |
| P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.                                                |                                         |  |
| P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.                     |                                         |  |

### Precautionary statement(s) Response

| P301+P310 | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider.        |  |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| P308+P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.                             |  |
| P331      | Do NOT induce vomiting.                                                             |  |
| P370+P378 | 8 In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam to extinguish. |  |

### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

| P403+P235             | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |  |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|
| P405 Store locked up. |                                              |  |

# Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

| P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations. |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|

# SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

| CAS No        | %[weight] | Name                                       |
|---------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------|
| 68476-34-6    | >60       | middle distillate                          |
| 111-46-6      | 10-30     | diethylene glycol                          |
| 108-11-2      | <10       | methyl isobutyl carbinol                   |
| Not Available | <10       | Ingredients determined not to be hazardous |

### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

### Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | If this product comes in contact with the eyes:<br>► Wash out immediately with fresh running water.          |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|             | ▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by |

|              | <ul> <li>occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Skin Contact | <ul> <li>If skin contact occurs:</li> <li>Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.</li> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Inhalation   | <ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Ingestion    | <ul> <li>For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once.</li> <li>Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed.</li> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.</li> </ul> |

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For acute or short term repeated exposures to petroleum distillates or related hydrocarbons:

- + Primary threat to life, from pure petroleum distillate ingestion and/or inhalation, is respiratory failure.
- Patients should be quickly evaluated for signs of respiratory distress (e.g. cyanosis, tachypnoea, intercostal retraction, obtundation) and given oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gases (pO2 50 mm Hg) should be intubated.
- Arrhythmias complicate some hydrocarbon ingestion and/or inhalation and electrocardiographic evidence of myocardial injury has been reported; intravenous lines and cardiac monitors should be established in obviously symptomatic patients. The lungs excrete inhaled solvents, so that hyperventilation improves clearance.
- A chest x-ray should be taken immediately after stabilisation of breathing and circulation to document aspiration and detect the presence of pneumothorax.
- Epinephrine (adrenalin) is not recommended for treatment of bronchospasm because of potential myocardial sensitisation to catecholamines. Inhaled cardioselective bronchodilators (e.g. Alupent, Salbutamol) are the preferred agents, with aminophylline a second choice.
- Lavage is indicated in patients who require decontamination; ensure use of cuffed endotracheal tube in adult patients. [Ellenhorn and Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]
- Treat symptomatically.

Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. Mechanical means should be used if it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents; these include gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. If spontaneous vomiting has occurred after ingestion, the patient should be monitored for difficult breathing, as adverse effects of aspiration into the lungs may be delayed up to 48 hours.

### SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### Extinguishing media

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).
- ▸ Carbon dioxide.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire Incompatibility    | Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition<br>may result                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Advice for firefighters |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Fire Fighting           | <ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>May be violently or explosively reactive.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li> </ul>                                                                                           |
| Fire/Explosion Hazard   | <ul> <li>Liquid and vapour are flammable.</li> <li>Moderate fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.</li> <li>Vapour forms an explosive mixture with air.</li> <li>Moderate explosion hazard when exposed to heat or flame.</li> <li>Combustion products include:</li> <li>carbon dioxide (CO2)</li> <li>other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li> </ul> |

#### SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

# **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | Minor Spills <ul> <li>Remove all ignition sources.</li> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> </ul> |  |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Major Spills | <ul> <li>Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>May be violently or explosively reactive.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> </ul>            |  |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

| Safe handling     | <ul> <li>DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin</li> <li>Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire.</li> <li>Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.</li> <li>Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (&lt;=1 m/sec until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then &lt;= 7 m/sec).</li> <li>Avoid splash filling.</li> <li>Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours.</li> <li>Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.</li> <li>Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of overexposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.</li> </ul> |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Other information | <ul> <li>Store in original containers in approved flame-proof area.</li> <li>No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources.</li> <li>DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapours may be trapped.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container      | <ul> <li>Packing as supplied by manufacturer.</li> <li>Plastic containers may only be used if approved for flammable liquid.</li> <li>Check that containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.</li> </ul> |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                         | <ul> <li>Avoid reaction with oxidising agents</li> <li>Avoid strong acids, bases.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                     |
| Storage incompatibility | CARE: Water in contact with heated material may cause foaming or a steam explosion with possible severe burns from wide scattering of hot material. Resultant overflow of containers may result in fire.         |

### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control parameters**

### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

| Source                                            | Ingredient                  | Material name                                     | TWA                   | STEL                  | Peak             | Notes                       |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| New Zealand Workplace<br>Exposure Standards (WES) | diethylene glycol           | Diethylene glycol                                 | 23 ppm / 101<br>mg/m3 | Not Available         | Not<br>Available | Not Available               |
| New Zealand Workplace<br>Exposure Standards (WES) | methyl isobutyl<br>carbinol | Methyl isobutyl carbinol<br>(Methyl amyl alcohol) | 25 ppm / 104<br>mg/m3 | 167 mg/m3 /<br>40 ppm | Not<br>Available | (skin) - Skin<br>absorption |

### EMERGENCY LIMITS

| Ingredient | Material name | TEEL-1 | TEEL-2 | TEEL-3 |
|------------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|
|            |               |        |        |        |

| middle distillate        | Diesel fuels; (inlcudes diesel fuel No. 4 (68476-31-3), fuel oil No.2 (68476-30-2), fuel oil residual (68476-33-5) |               | 300<br>mg/m3 | 3,300<br>mg/m3 | 20,000<br>mg/m3 |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| diethylene glycol        | Diethylene glycol                                                                                                  |               | 6.9 ppm      | 140 ppm        | 860 ppm         |
|                          |                                                                                                                    |               |              |                |                 |
| Ingredient               | Original IDLH Revised IDLH                                                                                         |               |              |                |                 |
| middle distillate        | Not Available Not Available                                                                                        |               |              |                |                 |
| diethylene glycol        | Not Available                                                                                                      | Not Available |              |                |                 |
| methyl isobutyl carbinol | isobutyl carbinol 400 ppm Not Available                                                                            |               |              |                |                 |

#### Exposure controls

| Appropriate engineering<br>controls | Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed<br>engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions<br>to provide this high level of protection.<br>The basic types of engineering controls are:<br>Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.<br>Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and<br>ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Personal protection                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Eye and face protection             | <ul> <li>Safety glasses with side shields.</li> <li>Chemical goggles.</li> <li>Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Skin protection                     | See Hand protection below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Hands/feet protection               | <ul> <li>Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.</li> <li>Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber</li> <li>The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.</li> <li>The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and.has to be observed when making a final choice.</li> <li>Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care.</li> </ul>                                                                          |
| Body protection                     | See Other protection below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Other protection                    | <ul> <li>Some plastic personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g. gloves, aprons, overshoes) are not recommended as they may produce static electricity.</li> <li>For large scale or continuous use wear tight-weave non-static clothing (no metallic fasteners, cuffs or pockets).</li> <li>Non sparking safety or conductive footwear should be considered. Conductive footwear describes a boot or shoe with a sole made from a conductive compound chemically bound to the bottom components, for permanent control to electrically ground the foot an shall dissipate static electricity from the body to reduce the possibility of ignition of volatile compounds.</li> <li>Overalls.</li> <li>PVC Apron.</li> <li>PVC protective suit may be required if exposure severe.</li> <li>Eyewash unit.</li> </ul> |

### **Respiratory protection**

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

- Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

### SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance     | Clear, thin, light yellow liquid; does not mix with water |                                 |          |  |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|--|
|                |                                                           |                                 |          |  |
| Physical state | Liquid                                                    | Relative density (Water =<br>1) | 0.850@15 |  |

Continued...

# Wynn's Diesel System Purge

| Odour                                           | Not Available  | Partition coefficient<br>n-octanol / water | Not Available  |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Odour threshold                                 | Not Available  | Auto-ignition temperature<br>(°C)          | Not Available  |
| pH (as supplied)                                | Not Applicable | Decomposition<br>temperature               | Not Available  |
| Melting point / freezing<br>point (°C)          | Not Applicable | Viscosity (cSt)                            | Not Available  |
| Initial boiling point and<br>boiling range (°C) | 137-243        | Molecular weight (g/mol)                   | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C)                                | 52 (PMCC)      | Taste                                      | Not Available  |
| Evaporation rate                                | Not Available  | Explosive properties                       | Not Available  |
| Flammability                                    | Flammable.     | Oxidising properties                       | Not Available  |
| Upper Explosive Limit<br>(%)                    | Not Available  | Surface Tension (dyn/cm<br>or mN/m)        | Not Available  |
| Lower Explosive Limit<br>(%)                    | Not Available  | Volatile Component<br>(%vol)               | 5.4            |
| Vapour pressure (kPa)                           | Negligible     | Gas group                                  | Not Available  |
| Solubility in water                             | Immiscible     | pH as a solution (1%)                      | Not Applicable |
| Vapour density (Air = 1)                        | >1             | VOC g/L                                    | Not Available  |

### SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity                          | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chemical stability                  | <ul> <li>Presence of heat source and ignition source</li> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul> |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions  | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Conditions to avoid                 | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Incompatible materials              | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Hazardous<br>decomposition products | See section 5                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

# SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Information on toxicological effects

| Inhaled      | Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by sleepiness, reduced alertness,<br>loss of reflexes, lack of co-ordination, and vertigo.<br>There is some evidence to suggest that the material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response<br>to such irritation can cause further lung damage.<br>Central nervous system (CNS) depression may include general discomfort, symptoms of giddiness, headache, dizziness,<br>nausea, anaesthetic effects, slowed reaction time, slurred speech and may progress to unconsciousness. Serious<br>poisonings may result in respiratory depression and may be fatal. |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ingestion    | Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.<br>Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis; serious consequences<br>may result. (ICSC13733)<br>Ingestion of petroleum hydrocarbons can irritate the pharynx, oesophagus, stomach and small intestine, and cause<br>swellings and ulcers of the mucous. Symptoms include a burning mouth and throat; larger amounts can cause nausea and<br>vomiting, narcosis, weakness, dizziness, slow and shallow breathing, abdominal swelling, unconsciousness and<br>convulsions.                                                     |
| Skin Contact | There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Eye          | There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Chronic      | There has been concern that this material can cause cancer or mutations, but there is not enough data to make an assessment.<br>Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in airways disease, involving difficulty breathing and related whole-body problems.<br>Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.<br>Constant or exposure over long periods to mixed hydrocarbons may produce stupor with dizziness, weakness and visual                                                                                                                                  |

disturbance, weight loss and anaemia, and reduced liver and kidney function. Skin exposure may result in drying and cracking and redness of the skin.

| Wynn's Diesel System     | TOXICITY                                         | IRRITATION                                                            |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Purge                    | Not Available                                    | Not Available                                                         |
| middle distillate        | тохісіту                                         | IRRITATION                                                            |
|                          | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1800 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup> | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>       |
|                          | Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>      | Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>             |
|                          | тохісіту                                         | IRRITATION                                                            |
|                          | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 11890 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup> | Eye (rabbit) 50 mg mild                                               |
| diethylene glycol        | Oral (rat) LD50: 12000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>      | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>       |
|                          |                                                  | Skin (human): 112 mg/3d-I mild                                        |
|                          |                                                  | Skin (rabbit): 500 mg mild                                            |
|                          |                                                  | Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>      |
|                          | тохісіту                                         | IRRITATION                                                            |
| nethyl isobutyl carbinol | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: =2870 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup> | Eye (rabbit): 20 mg open SEVERE                                       |
|                          | Oral (rat) LD50: 2590 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>       | Skin (rabbit): 10 mg/24h open mild                                    |
| Legend:                  | 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered St | ubstances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS |

| MIDDLE DISTILLATE                                                                         | No significant acute toxicological data identified                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | eu in inerature search.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL                                                                         | Diglycolic acid is formed following the oxidation of accidentally ingested diethylene glycol in the body and can lead to severe complications with fatal outcome.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL<br>CARBINOL                                                               | Asthma-like symptoms may continue for mon<br>non-allergic condition known as reactive airwa<br>levels of highly irritating compound. Main crite<br>a non-atopic individual, with sudden onset of<br>exposure to the irritant. Other criteria for diag<br>moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity<br>inflammation, without eosinophilia.<br>The Branched Chain Saturated Alcohol (BCS)<br>materials tested have low acute toxicity. Follo<br>In humans, no evidence of skin irritation was | ays dysfunction syndrome (RAE<br>eria for diagnosing RADS includ<br>persistent asthma-like symptom<br>nosis of RADS include a revers<br>on methacholine challenge test<br>A) group of fragrance ingredient<br>pwing repeated application, seve | DS) which can occur after exposure to high<br>le the absence of previous airways disease in<br>his within minutes to hours of a documented<br>ible airflow pattern on lung function tests,<br>ting, and the lack of minimal lymphocytic<br>as was evaluated for safety. The fifteen<br>en materials had low whole-body toxicity. |
|                                                                                           | Alkyl alcohols of chain length C6-13 are absor<br>They are broken down and rapidly excreted by                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | rbed from skin, when inhaled or                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL &<br>METHYL ISOBUTYL<br>CARBINOL                                        | Alkyl alcohols of chain length C6-13 are absor                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | rbed from skin, when inhaled or<br>y the body.<br>olonged or repeated exposure a                                                                                                                                                               | swallowed but show evidence of little harm.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL                                                                           | Alkyl alcohols of chain length C6-13 are absor<br>They are broken down and rapidly excreted b<br>The material may cause skin irritation after pro-                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | rbed from skin, when inhaled or<br>y the body.<br>olonged or repeated exposure a                                                                                                                                                               | swallowed but show evidence of little harm.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL<br>CARBINOL                                                               | Alkyl alcohols of chain length C6-13 are absor<br>They are broken down and rapidly excreted b<br>The material may cause skin irritation after pr<br>swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling a                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | rbed from skin, when inhaled or<br>by the body.<br>rolonged or repeated exposure a<br>and thickening of the skin.                                                                                                                              | swallowed but show evidence of little harm.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL<br>CARBINOL<br>Acute Toxicity                                             | Alkyl alcohols of chain length C6-13 are absord<br>They are broken down and rapidly excreted by<br>The material may cause skin irritation after pro-<br>swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling a                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | rbed from skin, when inhaled or<br>y the body.<br>rolonged or repeated exposure a<br>and thickening of the skin.<br>Carcinogenicity                                                                                                            | swallowed but show evidence of little harm.<br>and may produce on contact skin redness,                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL<br>CARBINOL<br>Acute Toxicity<br>Skin Irritation/Corrosion<br>Serious Eye | Alkyl alcohols of chain length C6-13 are absord<br>They are broken down and rapidly excreted by<br>The material may cause skin irritation after pro-<br>swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling a                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | rbed from skin, when inhaled or<br>y the body.<br>olonged or repeated exposure a<br>und thickening of the skin.<br>Carcinogenicity<br>Reproductivity                                                                                           | swallowed but show evidence of little harm.<br>and may produce on contact skin redness,                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

Data available to make classification

# **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Toxicity

| Wynn's Diesel System | ENDPOINT         | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES       | VALUE            | SOURCE           |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| Purge                | Not<br>Available | Not Available      | Not Available | Not<br>Available | Not<br>Available |

Legend: Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) -Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

#### Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient               | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| diethylene glycol        | LOW                     | LOW              |
| methyl isobutyl carbinol | LOW                     | LOW              |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Ingredient               | Bioaccumulation       |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| diethylene glycol        | LOW (BCF = 180)       |
| methyl isobutyl carbinol | LOW (LogKOW = 1.6762) |

#### Mobility in soil

| Ingredient               | Mobility          |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| diethylene glycol        | HIGH (KOC = 1)    |
| methyl isobutyl carbinol | LOW (KOC = 5.839) |

#### SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

|                     | Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product / Packaging | <ul> <li>Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.</li> </ul>     |
| disposal            | <ul> <li>Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site.</li> </ul>      |
|                     | Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. |

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

### **Disposal Requirements**

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

The package must be disposed according to the manufacturer's directions taking into account the material it is made of. Packages which hazardous content have been appropriately treated and removed may be recycled.

The hazardous substance must only be disposed if it has been treated by a method that changed the characteristics or composition of the substance and it is no longer hazardous.

#### **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO<br>Not Applicable |
|------------------|----------------------|
| HAZCHEM          | •3Y                  |

### Land transport (UN)

| UN number                  | 1993                                                         |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| UN proper shipping<br>name | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains methyl isobutyl carbinol) |

Continued...

| Transport hazard<br>class(es) | Class 3<br>Subrisk Not Applicable             |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Packing group                 |                                               |
| Environmental hazard          | Not Applicable                                |
| Special precautions for user  | Special provisions223; 274Limited quantity5 L |

### Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

| UN number                       | 1993                                                           |                           |       |  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|--|
| UN proper shipping<br>name      | Flammable liquid, n.o.s. * (contains methyl isobutyl carbinol) |                           |       |  |
| Transport hazard<br>class(es)   | ICAO/IATA Class<br>ICAO / IATA Subrisk<br>ERG Code             | 3<br>Not Applicable<br>3L |       |  |
| Packing group                   |                                                                |                           |       |  |
| Environmental hazard            | Not Applicable                                                 |                           |       |  |
|                                 | Special provisions                                             |                           | A3    |  |
|                                 | Cargo Only Packing Instructions                                |                           | 366   |  |
| Special precautions for<br>user | Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack                                  |                           | 220 L |  |
|                                 | Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions                       |                           | 355   |  |
|                                 | Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack                         |                           | 60 L  |  |
|                                 | Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions      |                           | Y344  |  |
|                                 | Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack                 |                           | 10 L  |  |

### Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

| UN number                       | 1993                                                                  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| UN proper shipping<br>name      | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains methyl isobutyl carbinol)          |  |  |
| Transport hazard<br>class(es)   | IMDG Class     3       IMDG Subrisk     Not Applicable                |  |  |
| Packing group                   | III                                                                   |  |  |
| Environmental hazard            | Not Applicable                                                        |  |  |
| Special precautions for<br>user | EMS NumberF-E , S-ESpecial provisions223 274 955Limited Quantities5 L |  |  |

# Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

### SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

| HSR Number | Group Standard                                              |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| HSR002584  | Fuel Additives (Flammable, Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2017 |

# MIDDLE DISTILLATE(68476-34-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act -Classification of Chemicals

#### DIETHYLENE GLYCOL(111-46-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

| GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles                            | New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act -                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements                      | Classification of Chemicals                                                                                          |
| IMO IBC Code Chapter 18: List of products to which the Code does not<br>apply | New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act -<br>Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data |
| IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Other Liquid Substances                 | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)                                                                           |
|                                                                               | New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)                                                                       |

### METHYL ISOBUTYL CARBINOL(108-11-2) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

| GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles<br>IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements | New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act -<br>Classification of Chemicals                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in<br>Bulk                                   | New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act -<br>Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data |
| International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations                                     | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)                                                                           |
| International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)                                                | New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                | United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods<br>Model Regulations (English)                    |

# **Hazardous Substance Location**

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

| Hazard Class | Quantity beyond which controls apply for<br>closed containers                        | Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3.1C         | 500 L in containers greater than 5 L<br>1500 L in containers up to and including 5 L | 250 L<br>250 L                                                             |

# **Certified Handler**

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

| Class of substance | Quantities     |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Not Applicable     | Not Applicable |

Refer Group Standards for further information

### **Tracking Requirements**

Not Applicable

### **National Inventory Status**

| National Inventory               | Status                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Australia - AICS                 | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Canada - DSL                     | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Canada - NDSL                    | No (middle distillate; diethylene glycol; methyl isobutyl carbinol; Ingredients determined not to be hazardous)<br>Non-disclosed ingredients                                                            |
| China - IECSC                    | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS /<br>NLP | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Japan - ENCS                     | No (middle distillate; Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                            |
| Korea - KECI                     | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| New Zealand - NZIoC              | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Philippines - PICCS              | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| USA - TSCA                       | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Taiwan - TCSI                    | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Mexico - INSQ                    | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Vietnam - NCI                    | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Russia - ARIPS                   | No (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                                               |
| Thailand - TECI                  | No (middle distillate; Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients                                                                                                            |
| Legend:                          | Yes = All declared ingredients are on the inventory<br>No = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific<br>ingredients in brackets) |

#### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

| Revision Date | 07/11/2018 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date  | 04/09/2009 |

#### **SDS Version Summary**

| Version | lssue<br>Date | Sections Updated                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4.1.1.1 | 27/06/2017    | Fire Fighter (extinguishing media)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 5.1.1.1 | 07/11/2018    | Disposal, Exposure Standard, Fire Fighter (extinguishing media), Fire Fighter (fire/explosion hazard), Fire Fighter (fire fighting), Ingredients, Spills (major), Storage (storage requirement), Supplier Information, Synonyms, Toxicity and Irritation (Other), Name |

#### Other information

#### Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

| Name              | CAS No                 |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| middle distillate | 68476-34-6, 68334-30-5 |

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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