Wynn's Multifleet Grease

Autoserv NZ Ltd

Chemwatch: **52944**Version No: **7.1.1.1**

Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code:

Issue Date: **27/08/2019**Print Date: **27/08/2019**S.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	Wynn's Multifleet Grease
Synonyms	51020 20kg / 51045 400g
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Lubrication grease.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Autoserv NZ Ltd
Address	Unit 2/38 Trugood Drv, East Tamaki AUCK 2013 New Zealand
Telephone	0800 438 996
Fax	Not Available
Website	Not Available
Email	warehouse@autoserv.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Autoserv NZ Ltd
Emergency telephone numbers	+800 2436 2255 (All Hours)
Other emergency telephone numbers	0800 764 766

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Not regulated for transport of Dangerous Goods.

Classification [1]	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3				
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI				
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.3B				

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
SIGNAL WORD	WARNING

Hazard statement(s)

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

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Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.			
P102	Keep out of reach of children.			
P103	Read label before use.			

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name			
64742-62-7.	10-30	residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed			
64741-96-4.	10-30	naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)			
64742-65-0.	10-30	paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe)			
Not Available	10-30	other non-hazardous ingredients			

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

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Description of first aid i	measures					
Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.					
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation. If failure/misuse of high pressure/hydraulic equipment results in injection of grease/oil through the skin seek urgent medical attention. Treat as surgical emergency.					
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. 					
Ingestion	 If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. 					

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Heavy and persistent skin contamination over many years may lead to dysplastic changes. Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.
- ▶ In general, emesis induction is unnecessary with high viscosity, low volatility products, i.e. most oils and greases.
- ▶ High pressure accidental injection through the skin should be assessed for possible incision, irrigation and/or debridement.

NOTE: Injuries may not seem serious at first, but within a few hours tissue may become swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Product may be forced through considerable distances along tissue planes.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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Extinguishing media

- ▶ Foam.
- ► Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- ▶ Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	 Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result
dvice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
	 Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) phosphorus oxides (POx) sulfur oxides (SOx) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Slippery when spilt. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles. Trowel up/scrape up.
Major Spills	Slippery when spilt. Minor hazard. Clear area of personnel. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Frecautions for sale nanding				
Safe handling	Remove all ignition sources. Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.			
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. 			

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

- Metal can or drum
- ► Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
- ► Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

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Storage incompatibility

Avoid storage with oxidisers

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	(om) - Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour.
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	(om) - Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour.
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe)	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	(om) - Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour.

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe)	Pump oil; (petroleum distillates, solvent de-waxed heavy paraffinic	140 mg/m3	1,500 mg/m3	8,900 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed	2,500 mg/m3	Not Available
naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	2,500 mg/m3	Not Available
paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe)	2,500 mg/m3	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions.		
Personal protection			
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. 		
Skin protection	See Hand protection below		
Hands/feet protection	▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber		
Body protection	See Other protection below		
	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.		

Respiratory protection

Other protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

OTHERWISE:

Overalls.Barrier cream.Eyewash unit.

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Appearance	Blue-green tacky grease with negligible odour; does not mix with water.		
Physical state	Non Slump Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.90@15C
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	200	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Applicable	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	260 (COC)	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Applicable

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product
Ingestion	Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting
Skin Contact	There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.
Eye	There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.
Chronic	Oil may contact the skin or be inhaled. Extended exposure can lead to eczema, inflammation of hair follicles, pigmentation of the face and warts on the soles of the feet.

Wynn's Multifleet Grease	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.3 mg/l4 h ^[1]	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
	Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[2]	

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	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.3 mg/l4 h ^[1]	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
	Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[2]	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe)	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.3 mg/l4 h ^[1]	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
(11.1.1)	Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[2]	
Legend:	1 Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered St	ubstances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS.

RESIDUAL OILS, PETROLEUM, SOLVENT DEWAXED

RESIDUAL OILS,

DISTILLATE. HEAVY.

SOLVENT-REFINED

DISTILLATE, HEAVY,

SOLVENT-DEWAXED

(SEVERE) & PARAFFINIC

DEWAXED &

NAPHTHENIC

(SEVERE)

PETROLEUM. SOLVENT

Residual oils have substantial measurable levels of polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC), and would therefore be expected to have mutation-causing and/or cancer-causing activity. However, no adverse effects have been seen in testing, irrespective of the degree of processing they have undergone.

Acute toxicity: There is no acute toxicity data available for the residual base oils. It is thought that the high molecular weight of these materials and associated low bioavailability prevent acute toxicity.

The materials included in the Lubricating Base Oils category are related from both process and physical-chemical perspectives;

The potential toxicity of a specific distillate base oil is inversely related to the severity or extent of processing the oil has undergone, since:

- The adverse effects of these materials are associated with undesirable components, and
- The levels of the undesirable components are inversely related to the degree of processing;
- Distillate base oils receiving the same degree or extent of processing will have similar toxicities;
- The potential toxicity of residual base oils is independent of the degree of processing the oil receives.
- The reproductive and developmental toxicity of the distillate base oils is inversely related to the degree of processing.

Unrefined & mildly refined distillate base oils contain the highest levels of undesirable components, have the largest variation of hydrocarbon molecules and have shown the highest potential cancer-causing and mutation-causing activities. Highly and severely refined distillate base oils are produced from unrefined and mildly refined oils by removing or transforming undesirable components.

No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

For highly and severely refined distillate base oils:

In animal studies, the acute, oral, semilethal dose is >5g/kg body weight and the semilethal dose by skin contact is >2g/kg body weight. The semilethal concentration for inhalation is 2.18 to >4 mg/L. The materials have varied from "non-irritating" to "moderately irritating" when tested for skin and eye irritation. Testing for sensitisation has been negative.

NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, SOLVENT-REFINED (SEVERE) & PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, SOLVENT-DEWAXED (SEVERE)

Animal studies indicate that normal, branched and cyclic paraffins are absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract and that the absorption of n-paraffins is inversely proportional to the carbon chain length, with little absorption above C30. With respect to the carbon chain lengths likely to be present in mineral oil, n-paraffins may be absorbed to a greater extent than iso- or cyclo-paraffins.

The major classes of hydrocarbons are well absorbed into the gastrointestinal tract in various species. In many cases, the hydrophobic hydrocarbons are ingested in association with fats in the diet.

The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3:

NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing.

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend: X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

- Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Wynn's Multifleet Grease	ENDPOINT TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE SOURCE
,			

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	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
residual oils, petroleum,	LC50	96	Fish	>100mg/L	2
solvent dewaxed	EC50	48	Crustacea	>10-mg/L	2
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
naphthenic distillate,	LC50	96	Fish	>100mg/L	2
heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	EC50	48	Crustacea	>10-mg/L	2
(551515)	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
paraffinic distillate,	LC50	96	Fish	>100mg/L	2
heavy, solvent-dewaxed	EC50	48	Crustacea	>10-mg/L	2
(severe)	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1000mg/L	1
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
Legend:	Toxicity 3. EF Data 5. ECE	PIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aqua	pe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicolo tic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecoto Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data	ox database - Aqua	-

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
	No Data available for all ingredients	

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility	
No Data available for all ingredients		

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- ► Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site.
- Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package. The package must be disposed according to the manufacturer's directions taking into account the material it is made of. Packages which hazardous content have been appropriately treated and removed may be recycled.

The hazardous substance must only be disposed if it has been treated by a method that changed the characteristics or composition of the substance and it is no longer hazardous.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard	
HSR002606	Lubricants, Lubricant Additives, Coolants and Anti-freeze Agents (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017	

RESIDUAL OILS, PETROLEUM, SOLVENT DEWAXED(64742-62-7.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

IMO Provisional Categorization of Liquid Substances - List 2: Pollutant only mixtures containing at least 99% by weight of components already assessed by IMO

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International FOSFA List of Banned Immediate Previous Cargoes

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, SOLVENT-REFINED (SEVERE)(64741-96-4.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

IMO Provisional Categorization of Liquid Substances - List 2: Pollutant only mixtures containing at least 99% by weight of components already assessed by IMO

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International FOSFA List of Banned Immediate Previous Cargoes

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, SOLVENT-DEWAXED (SEVERE)(64742-65-0.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

IMO Provisional Categorization of Liquid Substances - List 2: Pollutant only mixtures containing at least 99% by weight of components already assessed by IMO

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International FOSFA List of Banned Immediate Previous Cargoes

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities	
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

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National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AICS	Yes	
Canada - DSL	Yes	
Canada - NDSL	No (residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed; naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe); paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe))	
China - IECSC	Yes	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes	
Japan - ENCS	No (naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe))	
Korea - KECI	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Philippines - PICCS	Yes	
USA - TSCA	Yes	
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes	
Mexico - INSQ	Yes	
Vietnam - NCI	Yes	
Russia - ARIPS	Yes	
Thailand - TECI	No (residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed; naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe); paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe))	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)	

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	27/08/2019
Initial Date	28/06/2004

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
6.1.1.1	19/09/2014	Acute Health (eye), Acute Health (inhaled), Acute Health (skin), Acute Health (swallowed), Advice to Doctor, Chronic Health, Classification, Disposal, Engineering Control, Fire Fighter (fire/explosion hazard), Fire Fighter (fire fighting), First Aid (skin), Handling Procedure, Instability Condition, Personal Protection (other), Personal Protection (Respirator), Storage (storage incompatibility), Toxicity and Irritation (Other)
7.1.1.1	27/08/2019	Physical Properties, Supplier Information

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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