

Wynn's Autofeed EP O Grease

Autoserv NZ Ltd

Chemwatch: **8026-94**Version No: **4.1.1.1**

Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code:

Issue Date: **27/06/2017**Print Date: **12/08/2017**S.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	Wynn's Autofeed EP O Grease 51220
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified	Lubrication grease
uses	3

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Autoserv NZ Ltd	ITW AAMTech Australia
Address	Unit 2/38 Trugood Drv, East Tamaki AUCK 2013 New Zealand	1-9 Nina Link, Dandenong South VIC 3175 Australia
Telephone	0800 438 996	1800 177 989
Fax	09 272 1949	1800 308 556
Website	www.autoserv.co.nz	www.aamtech.com.au
Email	warehouse@autoserv.co.nz	info@aamtech.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 2436 2255	1800 039 008
Other emergency telephone numbers	0800 764 766	0800 2436 2255

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Not regulated for transport of Dangerous Goods.

Classification ^[1]	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3, Eye Irritation Category 2B
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.3B, 6.4A (mild)

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
SIGNAL WORD	WARNING

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Hazard statement(s)

H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
64742-62-7.	30-60	residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed
64741-96-4.	10-30	naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)
64742-65-0.	10-30	paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe)
Not Available	10-30	other non-hazardous ingredients

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) | NZ Emergency Services: 111

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: • Wash out immediately with water. • If irritation continues, seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation. If failure/misuse of high pressure/hydraulic equipment results in injection of grease/oil through the skin seek urgent medical attention. Treat as surgical emergency.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

- Heavy and persistent skin contamination over many years may lead to dysplastic changes. Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.
- ▶ In general, emesis induction is unnecessary with high viscosity, low volatility products, i.e. most oils and greases.
- ▶ High pressure accidental injection through the skin should be assessed for possible incision, irrigation and/or debridement.

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NOTE: Injuries may not seem serious at first, but within a few hours tissue may become swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Product may be forced through considerable distances along tissue planes.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- Foam.
- ▶ Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- ► Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	 Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result 		
Advice for firefighters	Advice for firefighters		
Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. 		
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) 		

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Slippery when spilt. Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
Major Spills	Slippery when spilt. Remove all ignition sources. Minor hazard. Clear area of personnel. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Remove all ignition sources. Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid storage with oxidisers

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	(om) - Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour.
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	(om) - Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour.
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe)	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	(om) - Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour.

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe)	Pump oil; (petroleum distillates, solvent de-waxed heavy paraffinic	140 mg/m3	1,500 mg/m3	8,900 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed	Not Available	Not Available
naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	Not Available	Not Available
paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe)	Not Available	Not Available
other non-hazardous ingredients	Not Available	Not Available

Skin protection See Hand protection below

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Hands/feet protection	▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls. ► Eyewash unit.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Red smooth thin grease; does not mix with water.		
Physical state	Non Slump Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.87
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	190	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	260 (COC) as base oil	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product Chemwatch: **8026-94**Version No: **4.1.1.1**

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Skin Contact Eye Chronic		can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.			
<u>.</u>	There is some evidence to suggest that this material				
Chronic	There is come evidence to daggest that the material	can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.			
	Oil may contact the skin or be inhaled. Extended exposure can lead to eczema, inflammation of hair follicles, pigmentation of the face and warts on the soles of the feet.				
Wynn's Autofeed EP O Grease	TOXICITY IRRITATION Not Available Not Available				
	TOXICITY Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	IRRITATION Not Available			
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >3.9 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >4.7 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.2 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.3 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: \$5.3 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: 5.7 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 9.6 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]				
	TOXICITY Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	IRRITATION Not Available			
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >3.9 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >4.7 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe)	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.2 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.3 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 10.5 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: 5.7 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: 9.6 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]				
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION			
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >3.9 mg/l/4hr ^[1]	Not Available			
paraffinic distillate,	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >4.7 mg/l/4hr ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.2 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
heavy, solvent- dewaxed (severe)	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >5.3 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 10.5 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 5.7 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 9.6 mg/l/4hr ^[1]				
	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]				
Legend:		stances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. CS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances			

RESIDUAL OILS, PETROLEUM, SOLVENT DEWAXED Residual oils have substantial measurable levels of polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC), and would therefore be expected to have mutation-causing and/or cancer-causing activity. However, no adverse effects have been seen in testing, irrespective of the degree of processing they have undergone.

Acute toxicity: There is no acute toxicity data available for the residual base oils. It is thought that the high molecular weight of these materials and associated low bioavailability prevent acute toxicity.

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RESIDUAL OILS, PETROLEUM, **SOLVENT DEWAXED & NAPHTHENIC** DISTILLATE, HEAVY, **SOLVENT-REFINED** (SEVERE) & **PARAFFINIC** DISTILLATE, HEAVY,

SOLVENT-DEWAXED

(SEVERE)

The materials included in the Lubricating Base Oils category are related from both process and physical-chemical perspectives;

The potential toxicity of a specific distillate base oil is inversely related to the severity or extent of processing the oil has undergone, since:

- The adverse effects of these materials are associated with undesirable components, and
- The levels of the undesirable components are inversely related to the degree of processing;
- Distillate base oils receiving the same degree or extent of processing will have similar toxicities;
- The potential toxicity of residual base oils is independent of the degree of processing the oil receives.
- The reproductive and developmental toxicity of the distillate base oils is inversely related to the degree of processing.

Unrefined & mildly refined distillate base oils contain the highest levels of undesirable components, have the largest variation of hydrocarbon molecules and have shown the highest potential cancer-causing and mutation-causing activities. Highly and severely refined distillate base oils are produced from unrefined and mildly refined oils by removing or transforming undesirable components.

RESIDUAL OILS, PETROLEUM. **SOLVENT DEWAXED & NAPHTHENIC** DISTILLATE, HEAVY,

SOLVENT-REFINED

(SEVERE) & PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, **SOLVENT-DEWAXED**

(SEVERE)

(SEVERE)

(SEVERE)

No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

RESIDUAL OILS, PETROLEUM, **SOLVENT DEWAXED &** NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, **SOLVENT-REFINED** (SEVERE) & **PARAFFINIC** DISTILLATE, HEAVY. **SOLVENT-DEWAXED**

For highly and severely refined distillate base oils:

In animal studies, the acute, oral, semilethal dose is >5g/kg body weight and the semilethal dose by skin contact is >2g/kg body weight. The semilethal concentration for inhalation is 2.18 to >4 mg/L. The materials have varied from "non-irritating" to "moderately irritating" when tested for skin and eye irritation. Testing for sensitisation has been negative.

NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, **SOLVENT-REFINED** (SEVERE) & **PARAFFINIC** DISTILLATE, HEAVY,

SOLVENT-DEWAXED

The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3:

NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing.

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Legend:

🗶 – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

N - Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Weenels Autofood ED O	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
Wynn's Autofeed EP O Grease	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

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residual oils,	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
petroleum, solvent dewaxed	EC50	48	Crustacea	>1000mg/L	1
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
naphthenic distillate,	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
heavy, solvent-refined	EC50	48	Crustacea	>1000mg/L	1
(severe)	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent- dewaxed (severe)	EC50	48	Crustacea	>1000mg/L	1
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1000mg/L	1
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
Legend:		-	Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological In	-	
	Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data				

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- ► Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site.
- Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

Ensure that the disposal of material is carried out in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO		
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable		

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

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SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002606	Lubricants, Lubricant Additives, Coolants and Anti-freeze Agents (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006

RESIDUAL OILS, PETROLEUM, SOLVENT DEWAXED(64742-62-7.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

by the IARC Monographs

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, SOLVENT-REFINED (SEVERE)(64741-96-4.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

by the IARC Monographs

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, SOLVENT-DEWAXED (SEVERE)(64742-65-0.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

by the IARC Monographs

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Location Test Certificate

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations and Regulation 9 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 6, 8, and 9 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Υ
Canada - NDSL	N (residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed; naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe); paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe))
China - IECSC	Υ
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Υ
Japan - ENCS	N (residual oils, petroleum, solvent dewaxed; naphthenic distillate, heavy, solvent-refined (severe); paraffinic distillate, heavy, solvent-dewaxed (severe))
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Υ
Philippines - PICCS	Υ
USA - TSCA	Υ
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

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SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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